Energy Management Compact Power Transducer Type CPT-DIN "Advanced version"





- One digital output and RS485 communication port (2) wires only)
- 16 freely configurable alarms with OR/AND logic linkable to up to 2 digital outputs
- RS422/485/RS232 communication port (MOD-BUS-RTU), iFIX SCADA compatibility

- Class 1 (kWh), Class 2 (kvarh)
- Accuracy ±0.5 F.S. (current/voltage)
- Compact power transducer
- Instantaneous variables data format: 4 DGT
- Energies data format: 8+1 DGT
- System variables and phase measurements: VLL, VLN, A, A_{max} , An, A_{dmd} , $A_{dmd max}$, VA, VA_{dmd} , $VA_{dmd max}$, W, W_{dmd} , $W_{dmd max}$, W_{L1} , W_{L2} , W_{L3} max, var, PF, PF_{L1}, PF_{L2}, PF_{L3} min, Hz, ASY
- Four quadrant power measurement
- Energy measurements: total and partial kWh and kvarh (according to EN62053-21 and EN62053-23)
- Hour counter (5+2 DGT)
- TRMS meas. of distorted sine waves (voltages/currents)
- Universal power supply: 90 to 260 VAC/DC, 18 to 60 VAC/DC
- Dimensions: 45x83.5x98.5mm
- Voltage asymmetry, phase sequence, phase loss control
- Up to 3 analogue outputs (20mA or 10VDC)
- 2 digital outputs

Product Description

compact 3-phase power transducer. Particularly recommended for the measurement of the main electrical variables also on board of machines.

Housing for DIN-rail mount-

ing, with up to 3 analogue outputs, or RS485 communication port or alarm outputs or "Dupline" bus. Parameters programmable by means of UCS software.

How to order CPT-DIN AV5 3 H A3 AX Model Range code System Power supply Outputs Option

How to order **CPTCABLEUSB**

RJ-12 to USB cable for configuration with UCS via RJ-12 CPT auxiliary port.

Note: UCS software can be downloaded free of charge from Carlo Gavazzi website.

Type Selection

Range codes **System Outputs Options** AV5: 347/600V_{L-L}/1/5(6)AAC R2: 3: 1-2-3-phase, 2-relay outputs AX: advanced functions V_{L-N}: 230 V to 347 V balanced/ 02: 2-open collector outputs V_{L-L}: 400 V to 600 V unbalanced load, A1: 1-analogue output: AV6: 120/208V_{L-L}/1/5(6)AAC (*) Note: the 3-phase balanced with or without 0/4 to 20mA DC V_{L-N}: 57 V to 120 V neutral A3: 3-analogue outputs: 0/4 load measurement requires the V_{L-L} : 100 V to 208 V connection of the neutral accord-1-3-phase, to 20mA DC Phase current: 0.01A to 6A balanced load (*) V1: ing to fig. 15 and 16 in the final 1-analogue output: Neutral current: 0.05A to 6A 0 to 10V DC part of this document. V3: 3-analogue outputs: Power supply 0 to 10V DC S1: RS485/RS422 port 18 to 60 VAC/VDC 1: S2: RS232 port 90 to 260 VAC/VDC DB: Dupline bus Input specifications

Rated inputs	System type: 3	Neutral current	±(2%RDG+3DGT)
Current	3 (internal current transformers)	Phase-phase voltage	±(0.5%RDG+2DGT)
Voltage	4`	Phase-neutral voltage	±(0.5%RDG+2DGT)
	System type: 1		
Current	1 (internal CT)	Active and Apparent power,	±(1.5%RDG+3DGT)
Voltage	2		
Accuracy (RS485)	Imax: 6A, Vmax: 400V _{LN} (690V _{LL}),	Reactive power Range accuracy: 0.05ln to Imax	±(3%RDG+3DGT)
(@25°C ±5°C, R.H. ≤60%)	In: 5A, Vn: 230V _{LN} (400V _{LL})	Current	±(0.5%RDG+2DGT)
,	CT: 1, VT (PT): 1	Neutral current	±(1%RDG+3DGT)
Range accuracy: 0.02In to 0.05In	, , ,	Phase-phase voltage	±(0.5%RDG+2DGT)
Current	±(0.5%FS) or ±(1%RDG+2DGT)		
	()	Phase-neutral voltage	±(0.5%RDG+2DGT)
		Active and Apparent power	±(1%RDG+3DGT)



Input specifications (cont.)

	,		
Reactive power Active energy	±(2%RDG+3DGT) Class 2 according to EN62053-21	Hourcounter	5+2 DGT, max indication 9 999 9.99
Reactive energy	(I start up: 10mA) Class 3 according to EN62053-23	Measurements	Current, voltage, power, power factor, frequency
Frequency	(I start up: 10mA) ±0.1Hz (48 to 62Hz)	Туре	TRMS measurement of distorted waves.
Additional errors	,	Coupling type	Direct
Humidity	≤0.3% FS, 60% to 90% RH	Crest factor	< 3, max 10A peak
Frequency	≤0.3% FS (45 to 48Hz and 62 to 65Hz)	Input impedance 400/690V _{L-L} (AV5) 120/208V _{L-L} (AV6)	1.6 MΩ ±5% 1.6 MΩ ±5%
Temperature drift	≤ 200ppm/°C	Current	≤ 0.01Ω
Sampling rate	1600 samples/s @ 50Hz	Frequency	45 to 65 Hz
Measurement refresh time	1900 samples/s @ 60Hz 200ms	Overload protection Continuos voltage/current	(max values) AV5: 347V _{LN} /600V _{LL} /6A
Measurement format	(serial communication)	Continues voltage/carrent	AV6: 120V _{LN} /208V _{LL} /6A
Instantaneous variables Energies	4 DGT, max indication 9999 8+1 DGT, max indication 999 999 99.9	For 500ms: voltage/current	AV5: 800V _{LN} /1380V _{LL} /36A AV6: 240V _{LN} /416V _{LL} /36A
Output Specifications	•		
Analogue Outputs		Set-point adjustment	From 0 to 100% of the
Number of outputs	Up to 3	•	retransmitted scale
Accuracy (@ 25°C ±5°C, R.H. ≤60%) Range	±0.3% FS 0 to 20mA or 0 to 10 VDC	Hysteresis	from 0 to full scale
Scaling factor:	Programmable within the	On-time delay Output status	0 to 255s Selectable; normally
	whole range of retransmis-	output status	de-energized and normally
	sion; it allows the retrans-		energized
	mission management of all values from: 0 and	Min. response time	≤400ms, filters excluded and
	20 mA, 0 and 10VDC	Note	with alarm delay: "0 s" The 2 digital outputs
			can also work as one pulse
Response time	≤ 400 ms typical		output and one alarm
Ripple	(filter excluded) ≤ 1%, according to	Static outputs	output.
Тарріо	IEC 60688-1, EN 60688-1	Purpose	For alarm outputs or for pulse
Total temperature drift	≤ 500 ppm/°C	·	outputs
Load: 20 mADC 10 VDC	≤ 350 Ω ≥ 10KΩ	Signal V _{ON} 1.2 VDC/ max. 100 mA	
Insulation	By means of optocouplers,	V _{ON} 1.2 VDC/ max. 100 max.	
	See table "Insulation	Insulation	By means of optocouplers,
	between inputs and outputs"		See table "Insulation
Digital outputs Pulse		Polov outputo	between inputs and outputs"
Number of outputs	Up to 2	Relay outputs Purpose	For alarm outputs or for pulse
Type	Programmable from 0.01 to 500	i dipose	outputs
	pulses per kWh/kvarh (total	Type	Relay, SPST type
	counters) Outputs connectable to the		AC 1-5A @ 250VAC DC 12-5A @ 24VDC
	total energy meters		AC 15-1.5A @ 250VAC
	(Wh/varh)		DC 13-1.5A @ 24VDC
Pulse duration	≥ 100ms <120msec (ON), ≥ 120ms (OFF)	Insulation	See table "Insulation
	according to EN62053-31	RS422/RS485	between inputs and outputs"
Alarm	3	K3422/K3403	(on request) Multidrop
Number of outputs			bidirectional (static and
Alarm modes	up to 2, independent Up alarm, down alarm, in	Compostions	dynamic variables)
Alaim modes	window alarm, out window	Connections	2 or 4 wires, max. distance 1200m, termination directly
	alarm.		on the instrument
	Start-up deactivation func-	Addresses	From 1 to 255,
	tion at power-on for all kinds of alarm. All of them	Protocol	selectable via software MODBUS/JBUS (RTU)
	connectable to all variables	. 1010001	
	(see the table "List of the		
	variables that can be con- nected to")		



Output Specifications (cont.)

Data (bidirectional) Dynamic (reading only) Static (writing only)	System and phase variables: see table "List of variables" All the configuration is a second of the configuration is a second of the configuration in the	Baud-rate	4800, 9600, 19200, 38400 bits/s other characteristics like R422/RS485 port
Data format	1 start bit, 8 data bit, no parity,1 stop bit	Dupline	
Baud-rate	4800, 9600, 19200, 38400 bits/s	Bus Address	Full Dupline compatibility Programmable using UCS soft-
Insulation	By means of optocouplers, See table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"	Variables	ware kWh, kvarh + 8 variables chosen among the
RS232	Halfduplex communication		available ones.
Туре	Point to point connection	Insulation	By means of optocouplers.
Connections	3-wire, max. distance 15m		See table "Insulation
Address Protocol	1 to 255 selectable via software MODBUS/JBUS (RTU)		between inputs and outputs"

RS232 Configuration Bus

Connections Baud-rate Data format RJ12 (3-wire) for 4800 bits/s 1 start bit, 8 dat no parity, 1 stop	a bit,	By means of optocouplers, See table "Insulation between inputs and outputs"
--	--------	---

UCS software: parameter programming and data reading

UCS software Working mode	Multi language software to program the working parameters of the transducer and to read the energies and the instantaneous variables. Compatibility with Windows 7 and later. Two different working modes can be selected: - management of a local RS485 network; - management of the communication from single		Filtering parameters Alarm variables Alarm set-points and relevant parameters Variables to be connected to the analogue outputs Scaling of analogue outputs Energies to be connected to the pulse outputs Parameters related to the pulse outputs Reset function: max/min values, energies, dmd
Programming parameters	instrument to PC (RS232); System selection: 1-2-3 phases CT/VT ratios	Data access	By means of RS232 serial port,RS485serialportorRS232con- figuration port (RJ12) via CPT- CABLEUSB adapter

Software functions

System selection System 3, unbalanced	3-phase (3-wire, 4-wire) 3-phase ARON	Transformer ratio CT VT (PT)	1 to 60 000 1.0 to 6 000.0
System 3, balanced System 1, balanced	2-phase (3-wire) 1-phase (2-wire) 3-phase (3-wire, 4-wire) 3-phase (3-wire) "1CT+1VT" 3-phase (3-wire) "1CT+3VT" 3-phase (4-wire) "1CT+1VT" 3-phase (4-wire), phase to neutral voltage measurement 1-phase (2-wire)	Filter Operating range Filtering coefficient Filter action	0 to 100% of the retransmitted scale 1 to 32 Measurements, alarms, serial output (fundamental variables: V, A, W and their derived ones).



Software functions (cont.)

Alarms Working mode	"OR" or "AND" or "OR+AND" functions (see "Alarm parameter and logic" page). The user can freely program up to 16 total alarms. (out1+out2). The alarms can be connected to any variables available in the table "List of the variables that can be connected to"	Reset	The following resets are available by means of the configuration software: - all the maximum/min values: - W dmd max, VA dmd max, A ₁ max, A ₂ max, A ₃ max, W _{L1} max, W _{L2} max, W _{L3} max, W sys max, A ₁ dmd max, A ₂ dmd max, A ₃ dmd max, VA sys dmd max, VA sys dmd max, F ₁ min, FF ₂ min, PF ₃ min - all the counters: total kWh, partial kWh, total kvarh, partial kvarh, hour counters - reset of all the above mentioned variables in a single command
---------------------	--	-------	---

Power Supply Specifications

AC/DC voltage	90 to 260VAC/DC 18 to 60VAC/DC	Power consumption	AC: 2.5 VA DC: 2W
---------------	-----------------------------------	-------------------	----------------------

General Specifications

Front LED's		Dielectric strength	4kVAC _{RMS} (for 1 min)
Power on	Green	EMC	
Diagnostics RS485/RS422/RS232	TX data (Green) RX data (Red)	Emissions	EN61000-6-3, EN60688 residential environment,
Dupline bus Alarm outputs	TX data (Green) RX data (Red) 1st output activation (Green)	Immunity	commerce and light industry EN61000-6-2
	2nd output activation (Red)		industrial environment.
Pulse outputs	1st output activation (Green)	Pulse voltage (1.2/50µs)	EN61000-4-5
Analogue outputs	2nd output activation (Red) Output signal within the programmed scale (Green) Output signal exceeding 110% of full scale (Red)	Safety standards	IEC60664, IEC61010-1 EN60664, EN61010-1
		Mesurement standards	IEC60688, EN60688, EN62053-31, EN62053-23
Operating	0° to +50°C (32° to 122°F)	Approvals	CE, cURus, CSA
temperature	(RH < 90% non condensing)	Connections 5(6) A Max cable cross sect. area	Screw-type 2.5 mm ²
Storage temperature	-10° to +60°C (14° to 140°F) (RH < 90% non condensing)	Housing	
Overvoltage category Insulation (for 1 minute)	Cat. III (IEC 60664, EN60664) 4kVAC _{RMS}	Dimensions (WxHxD) Material	45 x 83.5 x 98.5 mm ABS self-extinguishing: UL 94 V-0
	between measuring inputs and power supply.	Mounting	DIN-rail
	4kVAC/DC @ I≥ 3mA	Protection degree	IP20
	between measuring inputs and RS485/RS232/ programming port (RJ12) 4kVAC _{RMS} between power supply and RS485/RS232/programming port (RJ12)	Weight	Approx. 200 g (pack. incl.)



List of the variables that can be connected to:

- RS485/RS422/RS232 communication port
- Analogue outputs ("max" variables, "energies" and "hour counter" excluded)
- Alarm outputs ("max" variables, energies and "hour counter" excluded)
 Pulse outputs (only "energies")
- Dupline bus (only "total energies" + up to 8 selectable variables)

No	Variable	1-phase system	2-phase system	3-ph. 4-wire balanced sys.	3-ph. 4-wire unbal. sys.	3-ph. 3-wire bal. sys.	3-ph. 3-wire unbal. sys.	Notes
1	V L1	X	X	X	Χ	0	0	
2	V L2	0	X	Х	Х	0	0	
3	V L3	0	0	Χ	Χ	0	0	
4	V L-N sys	0	Χ	X	X	0	0	Sys = system
5	V L1-2	0	Х	Χ	X	X	X	
6 7	V L2-3	0	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	
7	V L3-1	0	0	Χ	Х	Х	Х	
8	V L-L sys	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Sys = system
9	A L1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	#
10	A L2	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	#
11	A L3	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	#
12	Amax/ Admd max	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	◆Highest value among the 3-ph
13	An	0	Χ	Х	Х	X	Х	
14	W L1	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	*
15	W L2	0	Х	Х	Х	0	0	•
16	W L3	0	0	Х	Х	0	0	•
17	W sys	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Sys = system
18	var L1	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	
19	var L2	0	Х	Х	Х	0	0	
20	var L3	0	0	Х	Х	0	0	
21	var sys	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Sys = system
22	VA L1	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	
23	VA L2	0	Х	Х	Х	0	0	
24	VA L3	0	0	Х	Х	0	0	
25	VA sys	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Sys = system
26	PF L1	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	*
27	PF L2	0	Х	Х	Х	0	0	*
28	PF L3	0	0	Х	Х	0	0	*
29	PF sys	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Sys = system
30	Hz	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
31	Phase seq.	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	
32	ASY L-N	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
33	ASY L-L	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
34	VA sys dmd	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Sys = system ♦
35	W sys dmd	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Sys = system ◆
36	A L1 dmd	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	dmd = (*)
37	A L2 dmd	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	dmd = (*)
38	A L3 dmd	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	dmd = (*)
39	VA L1 dmd	X	X	X	X	X	X	dmd = (*)
40	VA L2 dmd	0	X	X	X	X	X	dmd = (*)
41	VA L3 dmd	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	dmd = (*)
42	W L1 dmd	X	X	X	X	X	X	# dmd = (*)
43	W L2 dmd	0	X	X	X	X	X	# dmd = (*)
44	W L3 dmd	0	0	X	X	X	X	# dmd = (*)
45	kWh	X	X	X	X	X	X	Total and partial
46	kvarh	X	X	X	X	X	X	Total and partial
47	hours	X	X	X	X	X	X	

(x) = available(o) = not available

- () These variables are available also for the MAX values stored in the EEPROM when the instrument switches off.
- These variables are available also for the MIN values stored in the EEPROM when the instrument switches off.
- (*) dmd value integrated in a programmed time interval.
- (#) The variables are available also for the max values. When the instrument switches off, the values are not stored.



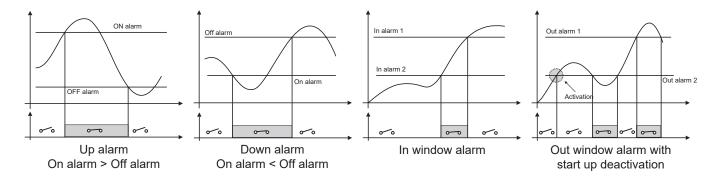
Alarm parameters and logic



- Block enable.
- Controlled variable (VLN, ...).
- Alarm type (up, down, in window alarm, out window alarm).
- Activation function.

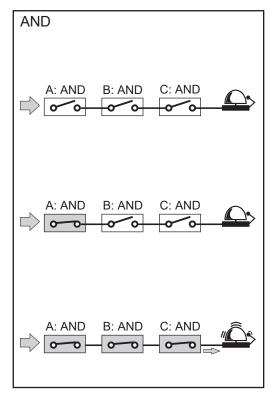
- ON set-point.
- OFF set-point.
- ON delay.
- Logical function (AND, OR).
- Digital output (1, 2).

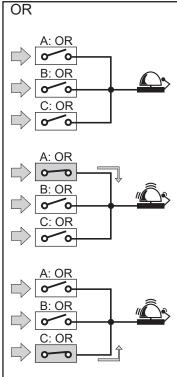
A, B, C... up to 16 parameter control blocks.

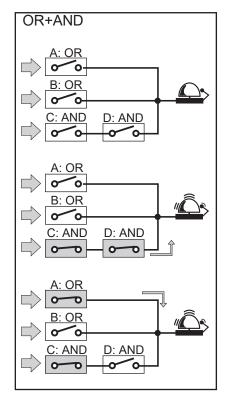


Note: any alarm working mode can be linked to the "start up deactivation" function which disables only the first alarm after power on of the transducer.

AND/OR logical alarm examples:









Function Description

Input and output scaling capability. Working of the analogue outputs (y) versus input variables (x)

Figure A The sign of measured quantity and output quantity remains the same. The output quantity is proportional to the measured quantity.

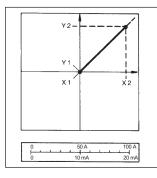


Figure C
The sign of measured quantity and output quantity remains the same. With the measured quantity being zero, the output quantity already has the value Y1 = 0.2 Y2.
Live zero output.

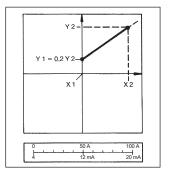


Figure B
The sign of measured
quantity and output quantity
remains the same. On the
range X0...X1, the output
quantity is zero. The range
X1...X2 is delineated on the
entire output range Y0 = Y1...
Y2 and thus presented in
strongly expanded form.

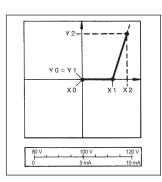
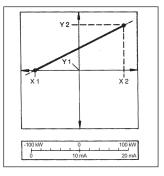


Figure D
The sign of the measured quantity changes but that of the output quantity remains the same. The output quantity steadily increases from value X1 to value X2 of the measured quantity.



Insulation between inputs and outputs

	Measuring Input	Relay Output	Open collect- or output	Dupline output	Analogue Output	RS232/ RS485	RS232 (RJ12)	90-260VAC/DC Power supply	18-60VCA/CC Power supply
Measuring input	-	4kV	2,5kV @ I≥ 3mA	2,5kV	2,5kV @ I≥ 3mA	2,5kV @ I≥ 3mA	2,5kV @ I≥ 3mA	4kV	4kV
Relay output	4kV	-	-	-	-	-	4kV	4kV	4kV
Open collect- or output	2,5kV @ I≥ 3mA	-	-	-	-	-	4kV	4kV	4kV
Dupline output	2,5kV	-	-	-	-	-	2,5kV	2,5kV	2,5kV
Analogue output	2,5kV @ I≥ 3mA	-	-	-	-	-	4kV	4kV	4kV
RS232/ RS485	2,5kV @ I≥ 3mA	-	-	-	-	-	4kV	4kV	4kV
RS232 (RJ12)	2,5kV @ I≥ 3mA	4kV	4kV	2,5kV	4kV	4kV	-	4kV	4kV
90-260 VAC- DC	4kV	4kV	4kV	2,5kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-	-
18-60 VAC/DC	4kV	4kV	4kV	2,5kV	4kV	4kV	4kV	-	-

NOTE: in case of fault of first insulation the current from the measuring input to the ground is lower than 2mA.

Carlo gavazzi

Waveform of the signals that can be measured

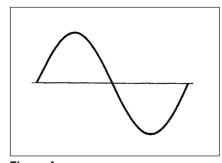


Figure A Sine wave, undistorted

Fundamental content Harmonic content $A_{rms} =$

100% 0%

1.1107 | A |

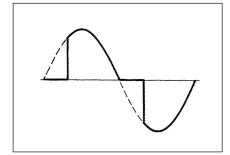


Figure B Sine wave, indented

Fundamental content Harmonic content

0...90% Frequency spectrum: 3rd to 16th harmonic <1% FS

Additional error:

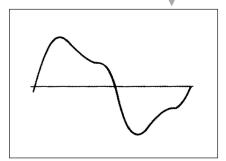


Figure C

10...100%

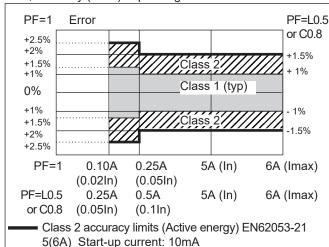
Sine wave, distorted

Fundamental content 70...90% Harmonic content 10...30%

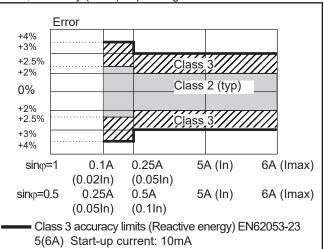
Frequency spectrum: 3rd to 16th harmonic <0.5% FS Additional error:

Accuracy

kWh, accuracy (RDG) depending on the current



kvarh, accuracy (RDG) depending on the current



Used calculation formulas

Phase variables

Instantaneous effective voltage

$$V_{1N} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} (V_{1N})_{i}^{2}}$$

Instantaneous active power

$$W_1 = \frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} (V_{1N})_i \cdot (A_1)_i$$

Instantaneous power factor

$$cos\phi_1 = \frac{W_1}{VA_1}$$

Instantaneous effective current

$$A_1 = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} (A_1)_i^2}$$

 $A_1 = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} (A_1)_{i}^2}$ Instantaneous apparent power

$$VA_1 = V_{1N} \cdot A_1$$

Instantaneous reactive power

$$VAr_1 = \sqrt{(VA_1)^2 - (W_1)^2}$$

System variables

Equivalent three-phase voltage
$$V_{\Sigma} = \frac{V_{12} + V_{23} + V_{31}}{3}$$

Voltage asymmetry
$$ASY_{LL} = \frac{(V_{LL \text{ max}} - V_{LL \text{ min}})}{V_{LL} \sum}$$

$$ASY_{LN} = \frac{(V_{LN \max} - V_{LN \min})}{V_{LN} \Sigma}$$
Three phase reactive r

Three-phase reactive power

$$VAr_{\Sigma} = (VAr_1 + VAr_2 + VAr_3)$$

Neutral current

$$An = A_{L1} + A_{L2} + A_{L3}$$

Three-phase active power

$$W_{\Sigma} = W_1 + W_2 + W_3$$

Three-phase apparent power

$$VA_{\Sigma} = \sqrt{W_{\Sigma}^2 + VAr_{\Sigma}^2}$$

Three-phase power factor

(TPF)

$$\cos \varphi_{\Sigma} = \frac{W_{\Sigma}}{VA_{\Sigma}}$$

Energy metering

$$kWh_i = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} P_i(t) dt \cong \Delta t \sum_{n_1}^{n_2} P_{n_2}$$

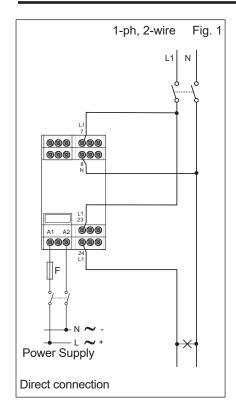
$$k Varh_i = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} Q_i(t) dt \cong \Delta t \sum_{n=1}^{n_2} Q_{n,i}$$

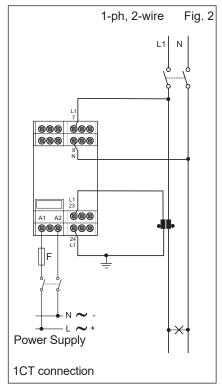
Where:

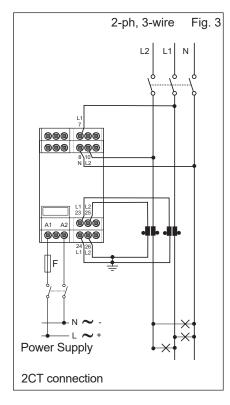
i= considered phase (L1, L2 or L3) P= active power; Q= reactive power; t_1 , t_2 =starting and ending time points of consumption recording; n= time unit;∆t= time interval between two successive power consumptions; n_1 , n_2 = starting and ending discrete time points of consumption recording



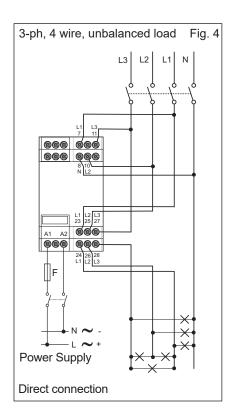
Wiring diagrams "system type selection: 3"

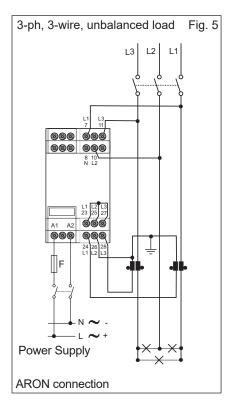


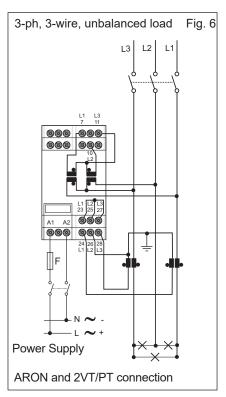




F= 630 mA T (18 to 60VAC/DC) 125 mA T (90 to 260VAC/DC)

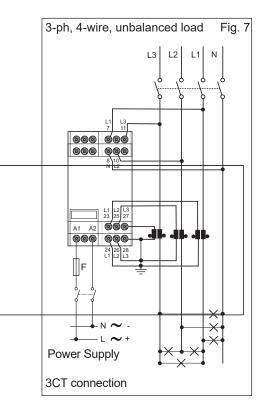


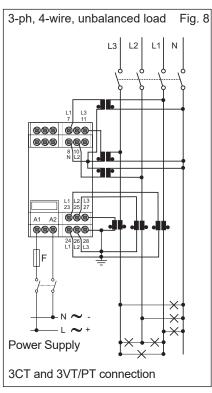


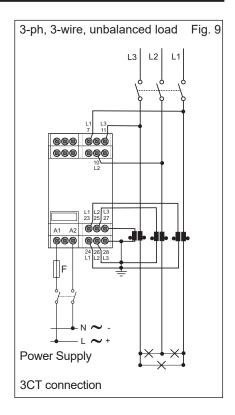




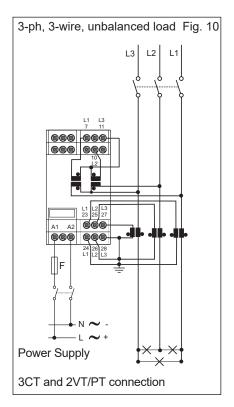
Wiring diagrams "system type selection: 3" (cont.)

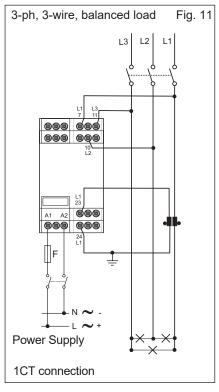


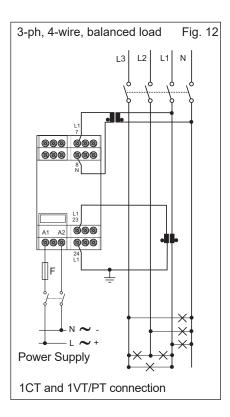




F= 630 mA T (18 to 60VAC/DC) 125 mA T (90 to 260VAC/DC)

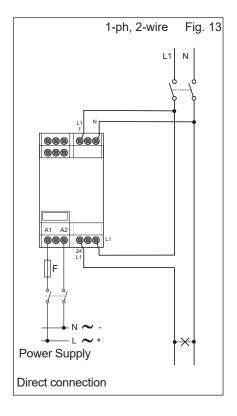


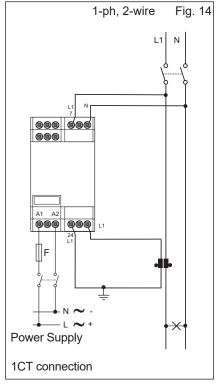


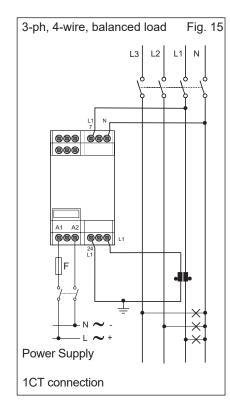




Wiring diagrams "system type selection: 1"



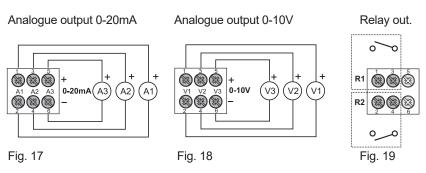




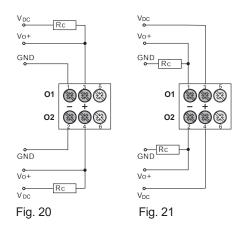
F= 630 mA T (18 to 60VAC/DC) 125 mA T (90 to 260VAC/DC)

3-ph, 4-wire, balanced load Fig. 16 Output terminal Line Fig. 16 Output terminal Line Fig. 16 Power Supply 1CT and 1VT/PT connection

Outputs



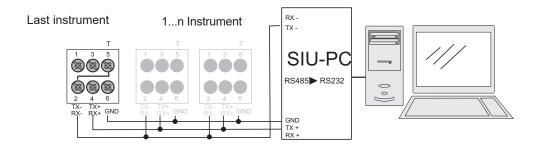
NOTE: the analogue outputs are not insulated among each other.



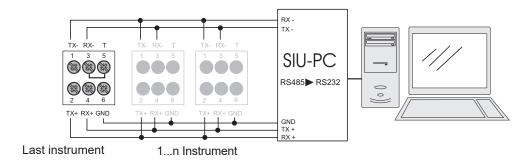
Open collector outputs: The load resistance (Rc) must be calculated so that the closed contact current is lower than 100mA; the VDC voltage must be lower than or equal to 30V. VDC: power supply voltage (external). Vo+: positive output contact (open collector transistor). GND: ground output contact (open collector transistor).



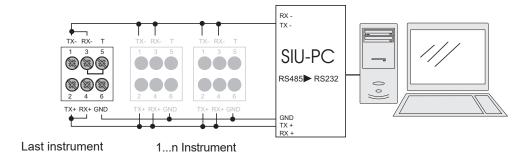
RS485 serial port and one relay connections



2-wire connection of RS485 serial port. The terminalization must be carried out only on the last instrument of the network



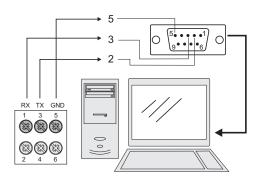
4-wire connection of RS485 serial port, the terminalization must be carried out only on the last instrument of the network



2-wire connection of RS485 serial port, the terminalization must be carried out only on the last instrument of the network

RS232 Serial port connection

Easy programming

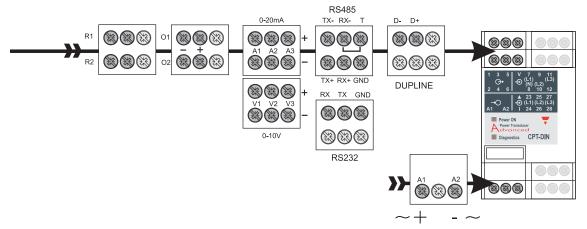




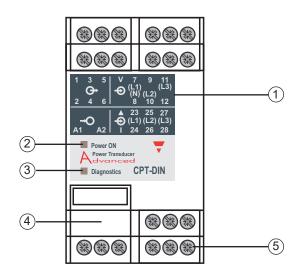
RJ12 communication port for parameters programming. The configuration of the transducer can be easily performed by means of UCS software.



Outputs connections



Front Panel Description



- 1. Front panel
- 2. Power ON LED
- 3. Diagnostics LED
- 4. Configuration bus (RJ12 connector)
- 5. Connections screw terminals

Dimensions

