

Strong Penetration Power

As the penetration power is strong, its beam can pass through not only translucent containers (PFA tanks, etc.) but also opaque containers of shampoo bottles, etc., and can reliably detect the liquid inside.

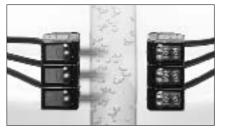
Not Affected by Drops, Bubbles or Froth

It is possible to set its sensitivity adjuster so that water drops, bubbles in the water, or froth on the water surface are not detected.

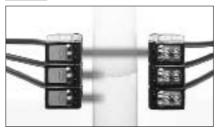
Water drops



Bubbles



Froth



Adjacent Sensor Mounting Possible

Several sensors can be mounted adjacently by fitting optional slit masks. Further, they can detect the liquid level accurately.

Plug-in Connector Type Is Available

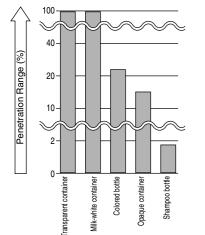
Plug-in connector type which enables connection/disconnection of the cable by one-touch is available. Anyone can easily replace the sensor in a minute.

IP67 protection

The sensor can be hosed down because of its IP67 construction and the non-corrosive stainless steel sensor mounting bracket.

Note: However, take care that if it is exposed to water splashes during operation, it will detect the splashed water itself.

Comparison of Penetration Ranges for Empty Containers



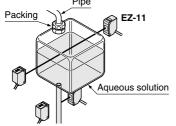
The above graph is to be used as a guideline only. Actual penetration range will vary depending on the material composition, thickness and color of the container. It is recommended that penetration range be tested and confirmed prior to application. Please contact our nearest office for more



APPLICATIONS

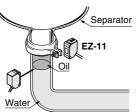
Detecting level of aqueous solution in resin tank

It can reliably detect a liquid even in an opaque container. $$_{\rm Pipe}$$



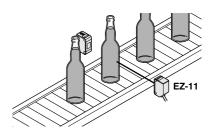
Detecting the boundary between water and oil

Since it does not detect oil, it can reliably detect the boundary between water and oil.



Detecting presence of liquid in colored bottle

Aqueous liquids in translucent colored bottles can be reliably detected.



ORDER GUIDE

Туре	Appearance	Sensing range (Note 1)	Model No.	Output
NPN output		5m (without container or pipe) EZ-11 EZ-11-PN	EZ-11	NPN open-collector transistor
PNP output			EZ-11-PN	PNP open-collector transistor
NOTE: Mounting bracket is not supplied with the sensor. Please select from the range of optional				

sensor mounting brackets (five types).

Note 1: The sensing range shortens depending on the thickness, material, color, etc., of the container or pipe.

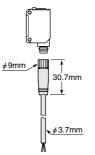
Plug-in connector type

Plug-in connector type is available (Standard is cable type). When ordering this type, add suffix '-J' to the model No. (e.g.) Plug-in connector type of **EZ-11-PN** is '**EZ-11-PN-J**'.

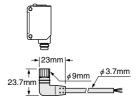
· Mating cable (2 Nos. are required)

Туре	Model No.	D	escription
Straight	CN-24E-C2	Length: 2m	0.2mm ² 4-core cabtyre cable with connector on one end Cable outer diameter:
Straight	CN-24E-C5	Length: 5m	
Elbow	CN-24EL-C2	Length: 2m	
EIDOW	CN-24EL-C5	Length: 5m	∮3.7mm

• CN-24E-C2, CN-24E-C5



• CN-24EL-C2, CN-24EL-C5



OPTIONS

Designation	Model No.	Description	
	OS-CX-05 (Slit size ∮0.5mm)	Slit on one side • Sensing range: 200mm	
		Slit on both sides • Sensing range: 10mm	
Round slit mask	OS-CX-1 (Slit size ∮1mm)	Slit on one side • Sensing range: 400mm	
Hound Silt Mask		Slit on both sides • Sensing range: 60mm	
	OS-CX-2 (Slit size ∮2mm)	Slit on one side • Sensing range: 1m	
		Slit on both sides • Sensing range: 250mm	
	OS-CX-05 × 6 (Slit size 0.5 × 6mm)	Slit on one side • Sensing range: 800mm	
		Slit on both sides • Sensing range: 250mm	
Rectangular	OS-CX-1 X 6 (Slit size 1 X 6mm)	Slit on one side • Sensing range: 1.3m	
slit mask		Slit on both sides • Sensing range: 600mm	
	OS-CX-2 × 6 (Slit size 2 × 6mm)	Slit on one side • Sensing range: 2m	
		Slit on both sides • Sensing range: 1.3m	
	MS-CX2-1	Foot angled mounting bracket (Two brackets are required.)	
	MS-CX2-2	Foot biangled mounting bracket (Two brackets are required.)	
Sensor mounting bracket (Note 1)	MS-CX2-4	Protective mounting bracket (Two brackets are required.)	
	MS-CX2-5	Back biangled mounting bracket (Two brackets are required.)	
	MS-CX-3	Back angled mounting bracket (Two brackets are required.)	
Universal sensor mounting stand	MS-AJ	Basic assembly	
mounting stallu	MS-AJ-A	Lateral arm assembly	

Notes: 1) The plug-in connector type sensor does not allow use of some sensor mounting brackets because of the protrusion of the connector.

Round slit mask Round slit mask (Stainless steel) Fitted on the front face of the sensor with one-touch. **Rectangular slit mask** Rectangular slit mask (Stainless steel) Fitted on the front face of the sensor with one-touch. Sensor mounting bracket • MS-CX2-1 • MS-CX2-2 Two M3 (length 12mm) screws with washers are attached. • MS-CX2-4 • MS-CX2-5

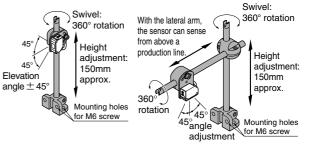


Two M3 (length 14mm) screws with washers are attached.



Two M3 (length 12mm) screws with washers are attached.

Universal sensor mounting stand • MS-AJ • MS-AJ-A





Two M3 (length 12mm) screws with washers are attached.



Two M3 (length 12mm) screws with washers are attached.

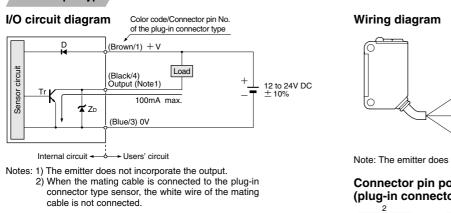
SPECIFICATIONS

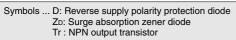
\checkmark	Туре	NPN output	PNP output	
Iten	n Model No.	EZ-11	EZ-11-PN	
Sen	ising range	5m (without conta	iner or pipe) (Note)	
Sensing object		ϕ 12mm or more liquid which contains water, or opaque object		
Sup	pply voltage	12 to 24V DC \pm 10% Ripple P-P 10% or less		
Cur	rent consumption	Emitter: 25mA or less, Receiver: 25mA or less		
Output		NPN open-collector transistor • Maximum sink current: 100mA • Applied voltage: 30V DC or less (between output and 0V) • Residual voltage: 1.5V or less (at 100mA sink current) 0.4V or less (at 16mA sink current)	PNP open-collector transistor • Maximum source current: 100mA • Applied voltage: 30V DC or less (between output and + V • Residual voltage: 1.5V or less (at 100mA source current) 0.4V or less (at 16mA source current)	
	Utilization category	DC-12 or DC-13		
	Output operation	Switchable either Light-ON or Dark-ON		
	Short-circuit protection	Incorporated		
Res	ponse time	12ms	or less	
Оре	eration indicator	Orange LED (lights up when the or	utput is ON), located on the receiver	
Stat	bility indicator	Green LED (lights up under stable light received condition or stable dark condition), located on the receiver		
Pow	ver indicator	Orange LED (lights up when the p	ower is ON), located on the emitter	
Sen	sitivity adjuster	Continuously variable adjuster		
	Pollution degree	3 (Industrial environment)		
	Protection	IP67 (IEC)		
g	Ambient temperature	0 to $+$ 55°C (No dew condensation or icing allowed), Storage: $-$ 30 to $+$ 70°C		
sistaı	Ambient humidity	35 to 85% RH, Storage: 35 to 85% RH		
Environmental resistance	Ambient illuminance	Sunlight: 10,000 ℓ x at the light-receiving face, Incandescent light: 3,000 ℓ x at the light-receiving face		
nent	EMC	Emission: EN50081-2, Immunity: EN50082-2		
iron	Voltage withstandability	1,000V AC for one min. between all supply terminals connected together and enclosure		
Ъ	Insulation resistance	$20M\Omega$, or more, with 250V DC megger between all supply terminals connected together and enclosure		
	Vibration resistance	10 to 500Hz frequency, 3mm amplitude (20G max.) in X, Y and Z directions for two hours each		
Shock resistance 500m/s ² acceleration		500m/s ² acceleration (50G approx.) in >	K, Y and Z directions for three times each	
Emitting element		Infrared LED (modulated)		
Mat	erial	Polyca	rbonate	
Cable		0.2mm ² 3-core (emitter: 2-core) oil resistant cabtyre cable, 2m long		
Cab	ble extension	Extension up to total 100m is possible, for both emitter and receiver, with 0.3mm ² , or more, cable.		
Weight		Emitter: 45g approx., Receiver: 50g approx.		
Acc	essory	Adiustina scre	ewdriver: 1 No.	

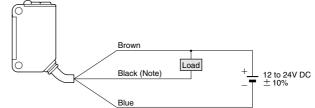
Note: The sensing range shortens depending on the thickness, material, color, etc., of the container or pipe.

I/O CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS



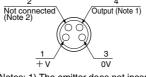






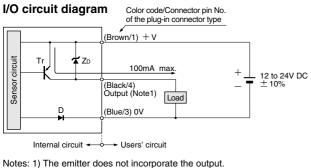
Note: The emitter does not incorporate the black wire.

Connector pin position (plug-in connector type)



Notes: 1) The emitter does not incorporate the output. 2) When the mating cable is connected to the plug-in connector type sensor, the white wire of the mating cable is not connected.

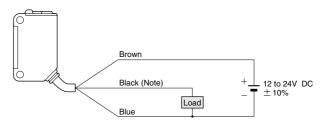
PNP output type



2) When the mating cable is connected to the plug-in connector type sensor, the white wire of the mating cable is not connected.

Symbols D: Reverse supply polarity protection dio	de
ZD: Surge absorption zener diode	
Tr : PNP output transistor	

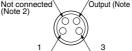
Wiring diagram



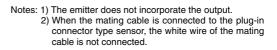
Note: The emitter does not incorporate the black wire.

0V



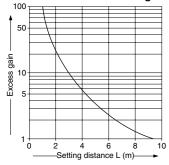


+v



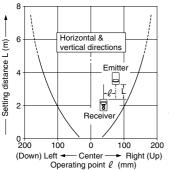
SENSING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)

Correlation between setting distance and excess gain

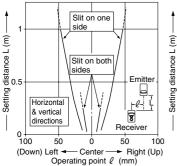


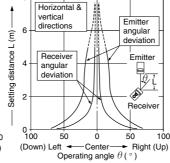
SENSING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)

Parallel deviation



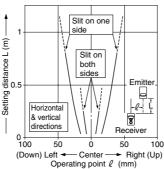
Parallel deviation with round slit masks (¢2mm)



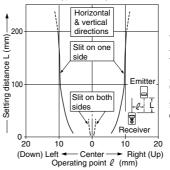


Angular deviation

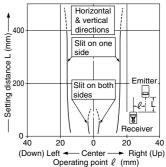
Parallel deviation with rectangular slit masks (0.5 × 6mm)



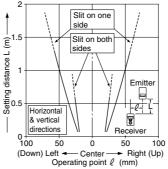
Parallel deviation with round slit masks (ϕ 0.5mm)



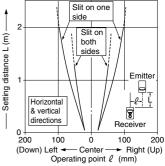
Parallel deviation with round slit masks (ø1mm)



Parallel deviation with rectangular slit masks (1 × 6mm)



Parallel deviation with rectangular slit masks (2 × 6mm)

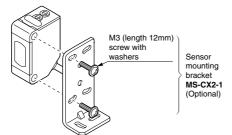


PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

This product is not a safety sensor. Its use is not intended or designed to protect life and prevent body injury or property damage from dangerous parts of machinery. It is a normal object detection sensor.

Mounting

• The tightening torque should be 0.5N·m or less.



Operation mode switch

Operation mode switch	Operation
D	Light-ON mode is obtained when the switch is turned fully counterclockwise (L side).
D	Dark-ON mode is obtained when the switch is turned fully clockwise (D side).

Others

- · Do not use during the initial transient time (100ms) after the power supply is switched on.
- · When connecting the mating cable to the plug-in connector type sensor, the tightening torque should be 0.4N·m or less.

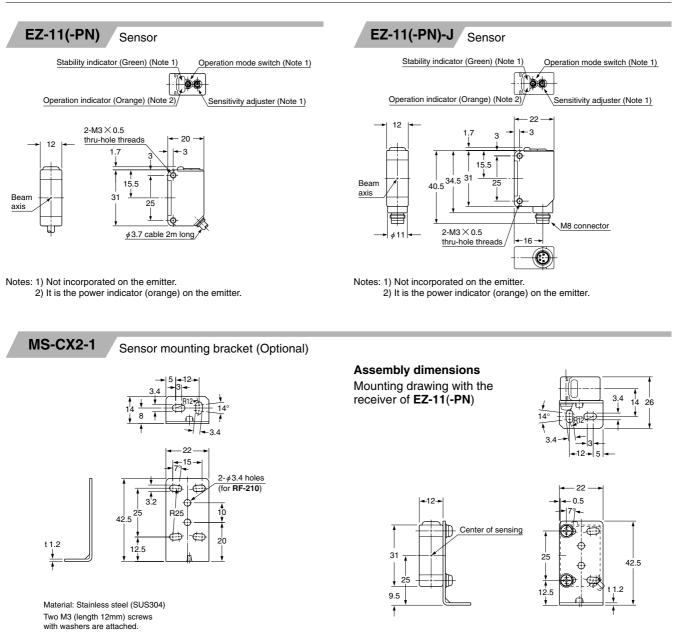
Sensitivity adjustment

Step	Sensitivity adjuster	Operation	
1	MIN. MAX.	Turn the sensitivity adjuster fully counterclockwise to the minimum sensitivity position, MIN.	
2	MIN. MAX.	With the liquid which contains water or the opaque object absent (light received condition), turn the sensitivity adjuster slowly clockwise and confirm the point (A) where the sensor enters the 'Light' state operation.	
3	MIN. MAX.	With the liquid which contains water or the opaque object present (light interrupted condition), turn the sensitivity adjuster further clockwise until the sensor enters the 'Light' state operation and then bring it back to confirm point (B) where the sensor just returns to the 'Dark' state operation. If the sensor does not enter the 'Light' state oper- ation even when the sensitivity adjuster is turned fully clockwise, this extreme position is point (B).	
4	Optimum position B MIN. MAX.	The position at the middle of points (A) and (B) is the optimum sensing position.	

Notes: 1) Use the accessory adjusting screwdriver to slowly turn the adjuster. Turning with excessive force will cause damage to the adjuster.

2) Special emitting and receiving devices are used in this product. As they are easily affected by changes in ambient temperature and humidity, do the sensitivity adjustment under the actual operating conditions

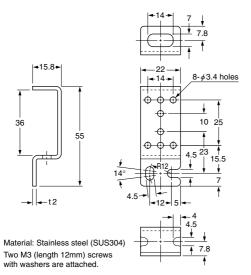
DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm)

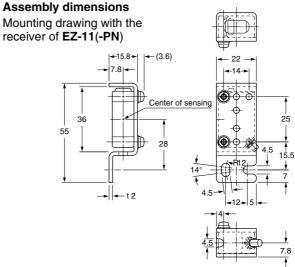




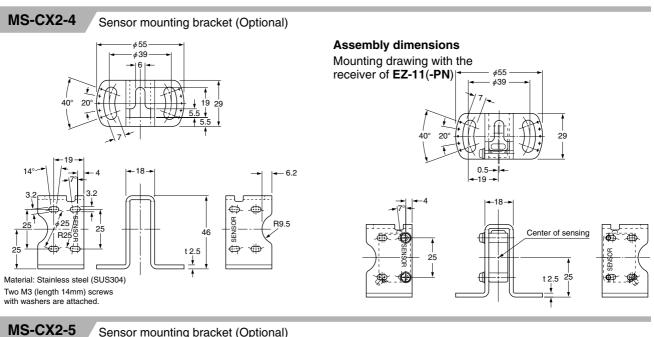
590

Sensor mounting bracket (Optional)

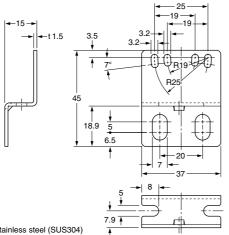




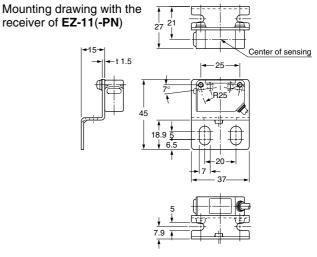
DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm)



Sensor mounting bracket (Optional)



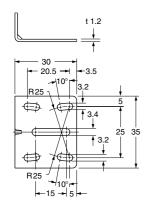
Assembly dimensions



Material: Stainless steel (SUS304) Two M3 (length 12mm) screws with washers are attached.



Sensor mounting bracket (Optional)

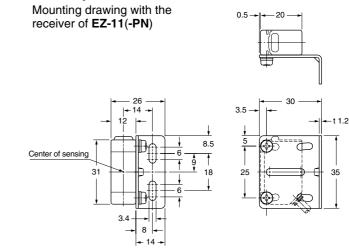


Material: Stainless steel (SUS304)

Two M3 (length 12mm) screws with washers are attached.

8 3.4 8.5 6 18

Assembly dimensions



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