## Automatización Eléctrica

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## Switch Mode Power Supply S8VM (15/30/50/100/150-W Models)

## Power Supply Featuring OMRON's Unique, New Undervoltage Alarm Function with Compact Body Contributing to Machine Downsizing

- New undervoltage alarm function assists in determining causes of errors (S8VM- $\square \square \square 24 \mathrm{~A} \square / \mathrm{P} \square$ only).
- Broad range of possibilities with 5 capacities and 20 models to choose from.
- RoHS compliant, including lead-free construction.
- Safety standards:

UL508/60950-1/1604, CSA C22.2 No. 14/No. 60950-1/No. 213, EN50178, EN60950-1

- Harmonic current emissions: Conforms to EN61000-3-2.

- New, attentive design prevents screws from falling out of terminal block.
- Finger protection prevents electric shock.
- DIN Rail mounting.

Note: Refer to Precautions for Safe Use on page 19.

## Model Number Structure

## Model Number Legend

Note: Not all combinations are possible. Please refer to the list of models in Ordering Information on page 2.
S8VM-


1. Power Ratings

015: 15 W
030: 30 W
050: 50 W
100: 100 W
150: 150 W
2. Output voltage

05: 5 V
12: 12 V
15: 15 V
24: 24 V
3. Configuration/function

None: Open-frame type Standard type
C: Covered type Standard type
A: Covered type Undervoltage alarm type (Sinking) (See note.)
P: Covered type Undervoltage alarm type (Sourcing) (See note.)
4. Configuration

None Front-mounting type
D DIN Rail mounting bracket type

Note: 1. The front-mounting type cannot be used as a back-mounting type. For a back-mounting configuration, use a DIN Rail mounting bracket type.
2. The housing and terminal of the connector for the undervoltage alarm output are provided with the S8VM-05024A $\square / \mathrm{P} \square, \mathrm{S} 8 \mathrm{VM}-$ $10024 \mathrm{~A} \square / \mathrm{P} \square$ and S8VM-15024A $\square / \mathrm{P} \square$.

## Ordering Information

Note: For details on normal stock models, contact your nearest OMRON representative.

| Configura-tion | Power ratings | Input voltage | Output voltage | Output current | Front-mounting |  |  | DIN Rail mounting bracket |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Standard type | Undervoltage alarm type |  | Standard type | Undervoltage alarm type |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Sinking | Sourcing |  | Sinking | Sourcing |
| Open-frame type | 15 W | 100 to 240 VAC | 5 V | 3 A | S8VM-01505 | --- | --- | S8VM-01505D | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 12 V | 1.3 A | S8VM-01512 | --- | --- | S8VM-01512D | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 15 V | 1 A | S8VM-01515 | --- | --- | S8VM-01515D | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 24 V | 0.65 A | S8VM-01524 | --- | --- | S8VM-01524D | --- | --- |
|  | 30 W |  | 5 V | 6 A | S8VM-03005 | --- | --- | S8VM-03005D | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 12 V | 2.5 A | S8VM-03012 | --- | --- | S8VM-03012D | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 15 V | 2 A | S8VM-03015 | --- | --- | S8VM-03015D | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 24 V | 1.3 A | S8VM-03024 | --- | --- | S8VM-03024D | --- | --- |
|  | 50 W |  | 5 V | 10 A | S8VM-05005 | --- | --- | S8VM-05005D | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 12 V | 4.3 A | S8VM-05012 | --- | --- | S8VM-05012D | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 15 V | 3.5 A | S8VM-05015 | --- | --- | S8VM-05015D | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 24 V | 2.2 A | S8VM-05024 | --- | --- | S8VM-05024D | --- | --- |
|  | 100 W |  | 5 V | 20 A | S8VM-10005 | --- | --- | S8VM-10005D | -- | --- |
|  |  |  | 12 V | 8.5 A | S8VM-10012 | --- | --- | S8VM-10012D | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 15 V | 7 A | S8VM-10015 | --- | --- | S8VM-10015D | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 24 V | 4.5 A | S8VM-10024 | --- | --- | S8VM-10024D | --- | --- |
|  | 150 W |  | 5 V | 27 A | S8VM-15005 (See note 2.) | --- | --- | S8VM-15005D (See note 2.) | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 12 V | 12.5 A | S8VM-15012 | --- | --- | S8VM-15012D | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 15 V | 10 A | S8VM-15015 | --- | --- | S8VM-15015D | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 24 V | 6.5 A | S8VM-15024 | --- | --- | S8VM-15024D | -- | --- |
| Covered type | 15 W | 100 to 240 VAC | 5 V | 3 A | S8VM-01505C | --- | --- | S8VM-01505CD | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 12 V | 1.3 A | S8VM-01512C | --- | --- | S8VM-01512CD | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 15 V | 1 A | S8VM-01515C | --- | --- | S8VM-01515CD | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 24 V | 0.65 A | S8VM-01524C | S8VM-01524A | See note 1.) | S8VM-01524CD | S8VM-01524AD | See note 1.) |
|  | 30 W |  | 5 V | 6 A | S8VM-03005C | --- | --- | S8VM-03005CD | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 12 V | 2.5 A | S8VM-03012C | --- | --- | S8VM-03012CD | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 15 V | 2 A | S8VM-03015C | --- | --- | S8VM-03015CD | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 24 V | 1.3 A | S8VM-03024C | S8VM-03024A | See note 1.) | S8VM-03024CD | S8VM-03024AD | See note 1.) |
|  | 50 W |  | 5 V | 10 A | S8VM-05005C | --- | --- | S8VM-05005CD | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 12 V | 4.3 A | S8VM-05012C | --- | --- | S8VM-05012CD | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 15 V | 3.5 A | S8VM-05015C | --- | --- | S8VM-05015CD | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 24 V | 2.2 A | S8VM-05024C | S8VM-05024A | S8VM-05024P | S8VM-05024CD | S8VM-05024AD | S8VM-05024PD |
|  | 100 W |  | 5 V | 20 A | S8VM-10005C | --- | --- | S8VM-10005CD | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 12 V | 8.5 A | S8VM-10012C | --- | --- | S8VM-10012CD | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 15 V | 7 A | S8VM-10015C | --- | --- | S8VM-10015CD | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 24 V | 4.5 A | S8VM-10024C | S8VM-10024A | S8VM-10024P | S8VM-10024CD | S8VM-10024AD | S8VM-10024PD |
|  | 150 W |  | 5 V | 27 A | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { S8VM-15005C } \\ \text { (See note 2.) } \end{array}$ | --- | --- | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { S8VM-15005CD } \\ & \text { (See note 2.) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 12 V | 12.5 A | S8VM-15012C | --- | --- | S8VM-15012CD | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 15 V | 10 A | S8VM-15015C | --- | --- | S8VM-15015CD | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | 24 V | 6.5 A | S8VM-15024C | S8VM-15024A | S8VM-15024P | S8VM-15024CD | S8VM-15024AD | S8VM-15024PD |

Note: 1. No outputs are built into these models.
2. The output capacity of the S8VM-15005 $\square \square$ is 135 W .

## Specifications

Ratings/Characteristics

| Item |  | Power ratings | 75\% min. | 30 W | 50 W | 100 W | 150 W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Efficiency |  | 5-V models |  |  | 80\% min. | 81\% min. | 81\% min. |
|  |  | 12-V models | 78\% min. | 79\% min. | 79\% min. | 81\% min. | 81\% min. |
|  |  | $15-\mathrm{V}$ models | 78\% min. | 79\% min. | 79\% min. | 81\% min. | 81\% min. |
|  |  | 24-V models | 80\% min. | 81\% min. | 80\% min. | 82\% min. | 83\% min. |
| Input | Voltage (See note 1.) |  | 100 to 240 VAC (85 to 264 VAC) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Frequency (See note 1.) |  | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}(47$ to 63 Hz$)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | Current | 100-V input | 0.5 A max. | 0.9 A max. | 0.8 A max. | 1.4 A max. | 2.0 A max. |
|  |  | 200-V input | 0.25 A max. | 0.45 A max. | 0.4 A max. | 0.7 A max. | 1.0 A max. |
|  | Power factor | 100-V input | --- |  | 0.98 min . |  |  |
|  |  | 200-V input | --- |  | 0.94 min. |  |  |
|  | Harmonic current emissions |  | --- |  | Conforms to EN 61000-3-2 |  |  |
|  | Leakage current | 100-V input | 0.4 mA max. (at rated output) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 200-V input | 0.75 mA max. (at rated output) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Inrush current | 100-V input | 17.5 A max. (for cold start at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |  |  |
|  | (See note 2.) | 200-V input | 35 A max. (for cold start at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |  |  |
| Output | Voltage adjustment range (See note 3.) |  | $-20 \%$ to 20\% (with V. ADJ) (S8VM- $\square \square \square 24 \mathrm{~A} \square / \mathrm{P} \square$ : $-10 \%$ to 20\%) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Ripple |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3.2\% (p-p) max. (5 V), } \\ & 1.5 \% \text { (p-p) max. (12 V), } \\ & 1.2 \% \text { (p-p) max. (15 V), } \\ & \text { 1.0\% (p-p) max. (24 V), } \\ & \text { (at rated input/output voltage) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3.2 \% \text { (p-p) max. (5 V), } \\ & 1.5 \% \text { (p-p) max. (12 V), } \\ & 1.2 \% \text { (p-p) max. ( } 15 \mathrm{~V} \text { ), } \\ & 0.75 \% \text { (p-p) max. ( } 24 \mathrm{~V} \text {, } \\ & \text { (at rated input/output voltage) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Input variation influence |  | 0.4\% max. (at 85 to 264 VAC input, 100\%) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Load variation influence (rated input voltage) |  | $0.8 \%$ max. (with rated input, 0 to $100 \%$ load) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Temperature variation influence |  | $0.02 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max. |  |  |  |  |
|  | Start up time (See note 2.) |  | $1,100 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{max}$. (at rated input/output voltage) |  | $800 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{max}. \mathrm{(at} \mathrm{rated} \mathrm{input/output} \mathrm{voltage)}$ |  |  |
|  | Hold time (See note 2.) |  | 20 ms typ. (15 ms min.) (at rated input/output voltage) |  |  |  |  |
| Additional functions | Overload protection (See note 2.) |  | $105 \%$ to $160 \%$ of rated load current, voltage drop, intermittent, automatic reset |  | $105 \%$ to $160 \%$ of rated load current, voltage drop ( $12 \mathrm{~V}, 15 \mathrm{~V}$, and 24 V ), voltage drop, intermittent (5 V), automatic reset |  |  |
|  | Overvoltage protection (See note 2.) |  | Yes (See note 4.) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Undervoltage alarm indication |  | Yes (color: yellow (DC LOW1), red (DC LOW2)) (S8VM- $\square \square \square 24 \mathrm{~A} \square / \mathrm{P} \square$ only) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Undervoltage alarm output |  | No $\quad$ Yes (S8VM- $\square \square \square 24 \mathrm{~A} \square / \mathrm{P} \square$ only) |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Yes (S8VM- } \\ \text { (Transistor out } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { VDC only) } \\ & \text { VDC } ., 50 \end{aligned}$ | (See note 9.) |
|  | Series operation |  | Yes |  |  |  |  |
|  | Parallel operation |  | No |  |  |  |  |
|  | Remote sensing function |  | No |  |  | Yes |  |
| Other | Operating ambient temperature |  | Refer to the derating curve in Engineering Data. (with no icing or condensation) (See note 2.) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Storage temperature |  | $-25 \text { to } 65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | Operating ambient humidity |  | $30 \%$ to $85 \%$ (Storage humidity: 25\% to $90 \%$ ) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Dielectric strength |  | 3.0 kVAC for 1 min . (between all inputs and outputs; detection current: 20 mA ) <br> 2.0 kVAC for 1 min . (between all inputs and PE/FG terminals; detection current: 20 mA ) <br> 500 VAC for 1 min . (between all outputs and PE/FG terminals; detection current: 100 mA ) <br> 500 VAC for 1 min . (between all outputs (except the detection output terminals) and detection output termin tection current: 20 mA ) (S8VM- $\square \square \square 24 \mathrm{~A} \square / \mathrm{P} \square$ only) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Insulation resistance |  | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (between all outputs and all inputs, PE/FG terminals) at 500 VDC |  |  |  |  |
|  | Vibration resistance |  | 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.375-\mathrm{mm}$ single amplitude for 2 hours each in $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$, and Z directions |  |  |  |  |
|  | Shock resistance |  | $150 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}, 3$ times each in $\pm \mathrm{X}, \pm \mathrm{Y}, \pm Z$ directions |  |  |  |  |
|  | Output indicator |  | Yes (color: green) |  |  |  |  |
|  | EMI | Conducted Emission | Conforms to EN61204-3 EN55011 Class B and based on FCC Class B (See note 5.) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Radiated Emission | Conforms to EN61204-3 EN55011 Class B (See note 6.) |  |  |  |  |
|  | EMS |  | Conforms to EN61204-3 High severity levels |  |  |  |  |
|  | Approved standards (See note 7.) |  | ```UL: UL508 (Listing), UL60950-1, UL1604 (Class I/Division 2) CSA: cUL: C22.2 No.14, cUR: No. 60950-1, No. 213 (Class I/Division 2) EN: EN50178, EN60950-1 SELV (EN60950-1) According to VDE0160/P100``` |  |  |  |  |
|  | Weight (See note 8.) |  | 180 g max. 220 g max. |  | 290 g max. | 460 g max. | 530 g max . |

Note: 1. Do not use the Inverter output for the Power Supply. Inverters with an output frequency of $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ are available, but the rise in the internal temperature of the Power Supply may result in ignition or burning
2. Refer to the Engineering Data section on page 7 to 8 for details.
3. If the V. ADJ adjuster is turned, the voltage will increase by more than $+20 \%$ of the voltage adjustment range.

When adjusting the output voltage, confirm the actual output voltage from the Power Supply and be sure that the load is not damaged.
4. To reset the protection, turn OFF the input power for three minutes or longer and then turn it back ON.
5. Conducted emissions: The noise value is affected by factors such as the wiring method. The product conforms to Class B when the aluminum plate is laid under the product. For 15-W models, insert a clamp filter (ZCAT2436-1330 by TDK: $50 \Omega \mathrm{~min}$. [ 50 to 500 MHz ], or the equivalent) in the output wire to reduce noise.
6. Radiated emissions: The noise value is affected by factors such as the wiring method. The product conforms to Class $B$ when the aluminum plate is laid under the product. For 150-W models, insert a clamp filter (ZCAT2017-0930 by TDK: $35 \Omega \mathrm{~min}$. [ 50 to 500 MHz ], or the equivalent) in the input wire to reduce noise.
7. UL1604 (Class I/Division 2) and CSA C22.2 No. 213 (Class I/Division 2) approval pending for 150-W models. However, S8VM-15024 $\square \square$ models are designed for compliance with an output rated current of 6.3 A max.
8. The weight indicated is for front-mounting, open-frame models.
9. $A \square$ : Sinking type (NPN)
$P \square$ : Sourcing type (PNP)

## Connections

## ■ Block Diagrams

S8VM-015 $\square \square \square \square$ (15 W)


## S8VM-030 $\square \square \square(30 \mathrm{~W})$




## Construction and Nomenclature

## Nomenclature

## 15-W, 30-W, 50-W Models

Open-frame types
S8VM-015 $\square \square / S 8 V M-015 \square \square D$

## S8VM-030 $\square /$ S8VM-030 $\square$ D

S8VM-050 $\square / S 8 V M-050 \square \square D$

Covered types
S8VM-015 $\square \square \square /$ S8VM-01524A $\square$ S8VM-030 $\square$ C $\square$ /S8VM-03024A $\square$ S8VM-050 $\square \square \square /$ C8VM-05024A $\square / \square$


## 100-W Models

Open-frame types
S8VM-100 $\square \square / S 8 V M-100 \square \square D$

## Covered types

S8VM-100 $\square \square \square /$ S8VM-10024A $\square / \mathrm{P} \square$


## 150-W Models

Open-frame types
S8VM-150 $\square \square$ /S8VM-150 $\square \square$ D S8VM-150 $\square \square \square /$ S8VM-15024A $\square$ P $\square$


## Output Color Label

This color label identifies the output voltage by color.


Green: 5 V
Blue: 12 V
Yellow: 15 V
White: 24 V

## Engineering Data

## Derating Curve

## S8VM-15W/30W

Standard mounting/Horizontal mounting/Face-up mounting


## S8VM-50W

Standard mounting/Horizontal mounting


## S8VM-100W

Standard mounting


## S8VM-150W

Standard mounting


## Face-up mounting



## Horizontal mounting/Face-up mounting



## Horizontal mounting



Face-up mounting


Note: 1. Internal parts may occasionally be deteriorated or damaged. Do not use the Power Supply in areas outside the derating curves (i.e., the area shown by shading (1) in the above graphs).
2. If there is a derating problem, use forced air-cooling.
3. When mounting two or more Power Supplies side-by-side, allow at least 20 mm spacing between them. Multiple 100-and 150-W models cannot be used side by side. Be sure to install the Power Supplies as far away from heat-generating sources as possible. As a reference value, allow at least 50 mm spacing on the right and left sides. If only 20 mm spacing is allowed, use the Power Supply at a load ratio of $80 \%$ or less.
4. When using $150-\mathrm{W}$ models for a long period of time at an input voltage of 90 VAC or lower, reduce the load to $80 \%$ or less of the above derating curves.

## Mounting

## Standard mounting

(DIN Rail mounting bracket type)

## Correct



Horizontal mounting (Front-mounting type)

## Correct



Face-up mounting (DIN Rail mounting bracket type) Incorrect


Face-down mounting (DIN Rail mounting bracket type)

## Incorrect



Face-up mounting (Front-mounting type)

## Correct



Face-down mounting (Front-mounting type) Incorrect


Note: 1. Improper mounting will interfere with heat dissipation and may occasionally result in deterioration or damage of internal parts.
Use the product within the derating curve for the mounting direction that is used.
2. Use the metal plate as the mounting panel (*1).
3. Install the Power Supply so that the air flow circulates around the Power Supply, as the Power Supply is designed to radiate heat by means of natural air flow.
4. Mounting screw tightening torque
(recommended value: $0.49 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ )

Remote Sensing Function (S8VM-100 $\square \square \square / 150 \square \square \square \square$ only)
This function compensates a voltage drop on the load lines. To use this function, connect after removing the two short bars of the remote sensing terminal.


Note: 1. Use a 2-conductor shielded cable as a connection wire (*1).
2. Use as thick a wire as possible since high voltage drops on the load lines (*2) may activate the overvoltage protection function.
3. Use when the voltage drop is 0.3 V or lower.
4. When the $+S$ and $-S$ terminals are opened with the short bar removed, the overvoltage protection function is activated and the output voltage will be cut off.
5. If the load line is too long, use an electrolytic capacitor in the following 3 locations:

1) Across the load terminals
2) Between the +S terminal and + terminal
3) Between the -S terminal and - terminal

Select the capacity of the connected capacitor from between several tens to several hundreds of $\mu \mathrm{F}$ as a guide, and then determine the capacity when actually connecting the capacitor between terminals as shown below.


## Inrush Current, Start Up Time, Output Hold Time



Reference Values

| Item | Value | Definition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Reliability <br> (MTBF) | $135,000 \mathrm{hrs}$ <br> min. | MTBF stands for Mean Time Between Failures, which <br> is calculated according to the probability of accidental <br> device failures, and indicates the reliability of a device. <br> Therefore, it does not necessarily represent the life of <br> the product. |
| Life <br> expectancy | 10 yrs. min. | The life expectancy indicates average operating hours <br> under the ambient temperature of $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and a load rate <br> of 50\%. <br> Normally this is determined by the life expectancy of <br> the built-in aluminum electrolytic capacitor. |

## Overload Protection

The Power Supply is provided with an overload protection function that protects the Power Supply from possible damage by short-circuit and overcurrent.
When the output current rises above $105 \%$ min. of the rated current, the protection function is triggered, automatically decreasing the output voltage. When the output current falls within the rated range, the overload protection function is automatically cleared.


The values shown in the above diagrams are for reference only.
Note: 1. Internal parts may occasionally deteriorate or be damaged if a short-circuited or other overcurrent state continues during operation.
Eliminate the overcurrent state as soon as possible.
2. Internal parts may possibly be deteriorated or damaged if the Power Supply is used for applications with frequent inrush current or overloading at the load end. Do not use the Power Supply for such applications.

## Overvoltage Protection

Consider the possibility of an overvoltage and design the system so that the load will not be subjected to an excessive voltage even if the feedback circuit in the Power Supply fails. When an excessive voltage that is approximately $140 \%$ of the rated voltage or more is output, the output voltage is shut OFF, preventing damage to the load due to overvoltage. Reset the input power by turning it OFF for at least three minutes and then turning it back ON again.


The values shown in the above diagram are for reference only.
*1 S8VM- $\square \square \square 24 \mathrm{~A} \square / \mathrm{P} \square$
*2 Except for S8VM- $\square \square \square 24 \mathrm{~A} \square / \mathrm{P} \square$
Note: 1. Do not turn ON the input power again until the cause of the overvoltage has been removed.
2. The overvoltage protection function may be activated when the output voltage adjuster (V.ADJ) is set to a value that exceeds $+20 \%$ of the rated output voltage.

## Undervoltage Alarm Function (Indication and Output)

## (Only S8VM- $\square \square \square$ 24A $\square / \mathrm{P} \square$ )

If an output voltage drop is detected with an S8VM- $\square \square \square 24 \mathrm{~A} \square / \mathrm{P} \square$ with undervoltage alarm function, the DC LOW indicator will light to notify of an output error. The transistor also sends an output externally to notify of the error (except for the S8VM-01524A $\square$ and S8VM-03024A $\square$ ).


- Undervoltage Alarm Function 1 (DC LOW1)

Only a momentary voltage drop is detected. Detection voltage is automatically adjusted internally by detecting the output voltage (approx. 2.7 V lower than the voltage output at an output voltage of 24.0 V ).
During detection, the transistor is OFF (with no continuity across 8 and 10) and the LED (6: Yellow) lights. (The Undervoltage Alarm Function 1 is used as a latch holding function.)

- Undervoltage Alarm Function 2 (DC LOW2)

Detection voltage is set to approx. 20.0 V (from 18.0 to 21.6 V ).
During detection, the transistor is OFF (with no continuity across 9 and 10) and the LED (7: Red) lights.
Note: 1. This function monitors the voltage at the Power Supply output terminals.
To check actual voltage, measure voltage on the load side.
2. Gradual voltage drop is not detected by the Undervoltage Alarm Function 1 (DC LOW1).
3. Once undervoltage is detected by Undervoltage Alarm Function 1 (DC LOW1), the transistor turns OFF and status of the LED (6: Yellow) light is maintained. To reset the function, turn OFF the input power for 60 seconds or longer, and then turn it ON again.
4. If the output voltage remains at 15 V or lower for several seconds when using Undervoltage Alarm Function 1 (DC LOW 1), the output hold status for detection may be reset.

## ■ Probable Causes of Power Supply Errors and Troubleshooting Using Undervoltage Alarm Function

Check the following information if the Undervoltage Alarm Function operates.
Contact your OMRON representative if the Power Supply does not function normally after checking.
The symbols in the table are as follows:

- Lit, O: Not lit, ',', Flashing

Note: Flashing: The output voltage is unstable, causing the LED to repeatedly turn ON and OFF.

|  | DC ON | DC LOW1 |  | DC LOW2 |  | $\rightarrow$ | Output voltage | Power Supply status diagnosis |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LED (4): <br> Green | LED (6): Yellow | Transistor outputs (8) to (10) | LED (7): Red | Transistor outputs (9) to (10) |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | ( | $0$ | ON | $0$ | ON |  | Normal (approx. 90\% min. of rated output voltage) | Normal status |  |
| 2 |  |  | OFF | 0 | ON | $\rightarrow$ | Normal (approx. 90\% min. of rated output voltage) | The output voltage has recovered to normal status following a previous sudden voltage drop. |  |
| 3 |  | 0 | ON |  | OFF | $\rightarrow$ | Output drop (approx. 90\% max. of rated output voltage) | The output voltage has dropped gradually and remains low. |  |
| 4 |  |  | OFF |  | OFF | $\rightarrow$ | Output drop (approx. 90\% max. of rated output voltage) | The output voltage remains low following a previous sudden voltage drop. |  |
| 5 |  |  | OFF |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { ON } \\ \hat{\imath} \\ \text { OFF } \end{gathered}$ | $\rightarrow$ | Output drop (approx. 80\% of rated output voltage) | The output voltage remains low and is continuing to fluctuate following a previous sudden voltage drop. |  |
| 6 |  | 0 | ON |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { ON } \\ \hat{\imath} \\ \text { OFF } \end{gathered}$ | $\rightarrow$ | Output drop (approx. 80\% of rated output voltage) | The output voltage has dropped gradually, remains low, and is continuing to fluctuate. |  |
| 7 |  |  | OFF |  | OFF | $\rightarrow$ | No output | No output voltage is being output. |  |
| 8 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { ON } \\ \Uparrow \\ \text { OFF } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { ON } \\ \Uparrow \\ \text { OFF } \end{gathered}$ | $\rightarrow$ | Unstable output | The output voltage is unstable. |  |


|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Probable cause of error |  |
|  | --- |

## Dimensions

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.

## Front-mounting Models

S8VM-015 $\square$
S8VM-015 $\square$ C S8VM-01524A


Mounting Holes


Note: The image is the S8VM-01524A Model.


Note: The image is the S8VM-01524 Model.


Note: The image is the S8VM-03024 Model.


Mounting Holes


Note: The image is the S8VM-03024A Model.


Note: The image is the S8VM-05024A Model.


Note: The image is the S8VM-10024 Model.


Note: The image is the S8VM-10024A Model.

## S8VM-150 ${ }^{\square}$ <br> S8VM-150 $\square$ C



Mounting Holes


Note: The image is the S8VM-15024 Model.


Note: The image is the S8VM-15024A Model.

## DIN Rail Mounting Bracket Models

S8VM-015 $\square$ D
S8VM-015 $\square \square$ CD
S8VM-01524AD

5.4 (Sliding: 9 max.)


Note: The image is the S8VM-01524D Model.


Note: The image is the S8VM-01524AD Model.

S8VM-030 $\square \square$
S8VM-030 $\square$ CD S8VM-03024AD


Note: The image is the S8VM-03024D Model.


Note: The image is the S8VM-03024AD Model.


S8VM-050 $\square$ D
S8VM-050 $\square$ CD
S8VM-05024AD S8VM-05024PD


Note: The image is the S8VM-05024D Model.


Note: The image is the S8VM-05024AD Model.

S8VM-100 $\square$ D
S8VM-100 $\square$ CD S8VM-10024AD


Note: The image is the S8VM-10024D Model.


Note: The image is the S8VM-10024AD Model.

S8VM-150 $\square$ D
S8VM-150 $\square \square$ CD S8VM-15024AD



Note: The image is the S8VM-15024D Model.


Note: The image is the S8VM-15024AD Model.

## ■ DIN Rail (Order Separately)

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.

## Mounting Rail (Material: Aluminum)

PFP-100N
PFP-50N


## Mounting Rail (Material: Aluminum)

PFP-100N2



## $\triangle$ CAUTION

Minor electric shock，fire，or Product failure may occasionally occur．Do not disassemble，modify，or repair the Product or touch the interior of the Product．

Minor burns may occasionally occur．Do not touch the Product while power is being supplied or immediately after power is turned OFF．

Fire may occasionally occur．Tighten terminal screws to the specified torque of $1.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ．

Minor injury due to electric shock may occasionally occur． Do not touch the terminals while power is being supplied．

Minor electric shock，fire，or Product failure may occasionally occur．Do not allow any pieces of metal or conductors or any clippings or cuttings resulting from installation work to enter the Product．

## Precautions for Safe Use

## Mounting

Standard mounting
（DIN Rail mounting bracket type）


Horizontal mounting （Front－mounting type）

Standard mounting
（Front－mounting type）


Face－up mounting （Front－mounting type）


Note：1．Convection of air
2． 20 mm or more
3．Use a metal plate as the mounting panel．


Take adequate measures to ensure proper heat dissipation to increase the long－term reliability of the Product．
Be sure to allow convection in the atmosphere around devices when mounting．Do not exceed the range of the derating curve．
Use the metal plate as the mounting panel．
When cutting out holes for mounting，make sure that cuttings do not enter the interior of the Product．

Improper mounting will interfere with heat dissipation and may occasionally result in deterioration or damage of internal parts． Use the Product within the derating curve for the mounting direction that is used．
When mounting two or more Power Supplies side－by－side，allow at least 20 mm spacing between them，as shown in the above illustrations．

The internal parts may possibly be damaged if mounting screws are over inserted．Refer to Dimensions on page 12 for maximum depth of insertion inside the Power Supply．
Several Power Supplies cannot be connected．（Only S8VM－
$100 \square \square \square \square / 150 \square \square \square \square$ ）Keep the Power Supply as far away from heating elements as possible when installing．As a reference value， allow at least 50 mm spacing on the right and left sides．If only 20 mm spacing is allowed，use the Power Supply at a load ratio of $80 \%$ or less．

S8VM－100 $\square \square \square \square / S 8 V M-150 \square \square \square \square$

Incorrect Incorrect


## Wiring

Connect the ground completely．A protective earthing connection stipulated in safety standards is used．Electric shock or malfunction may occur if the ground is not connected completely．
Minor fire may possibly occur．Ensure that input and output terminals are wired correctly．
Do not apply more than 100 N force to the terminal block when tightening it．
Be sure to remove the sheet covering the Product for machining before power－ON so that it does not interfere with heat dissipation．
Use the following material for the wires to be connected to the S8VM to prevent smoking or ignition caused by abnormal loads． Over heating or fire can result from inadequately sized wiring materials when problems occur at the load．As a general rule，always select wire sizes suitable for at least 1.6 times the rated current．

## Recommended Wire Types

| Model |  | Recommended wire type |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | （M3．5） | AWG24 to 14 （0．205 to $2.081 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ） |
| S8VM－100 S8VM－150 | （M3．5） | AWG24 to 14 （0．205 to $2.081 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ） |
| S8VM－100ПロロП S8VM－150Пロロロ | （M4） | AWG24 to 12 （0．205 to $3.309 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ） |

## Selection of Wires

Select wires for the Power Supply carefully．Refer to this table when selecting the wires．

| AWG No． | Cross－ sectional area（ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ ） | Configuration （number of conductors／ mm ） | Voltage drop per 1 A（mV／ meter） | Recommended maximum current（A） |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { UL1007 } \\ (300 \mathrm{~V} \text { at } \\ \left.80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { UL1015 } \\ (600 \mathrm{~V} \text { at } \\ \left.105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{gathered}$ |
| 30 | 0.051 | 7／0．102 | 358 | 0.12 | －－－ |
| 28 | 0.081 | 7／0．127 | 222 | 0.15 | 0.2 |
| 26 | 0.129 | 7／0．16 | 140 | 0.35 | 0.5 |
| 24 | 0.205 | 11／0．16 | 88.9 | 0.7 | 1.0 |
| 22 | 0.326 | 17／0．16 | 57.5 | 1.4 | 2.0 |
| 20 | 0.517 | 26／0．16 | 37.6 | 2.8 | 4.0 |
| 18 | 0.823 | 43／0．16 | 22.8 | 4.2 | 6.0 |
| 16 | 1.309 | 54／0．18 | 14.9 | 5.6 | 8.0 |
| 14 | 2.081 | 41／0．26 | 9.5 | －－－ | 12.0 |
| 12 | 3.309 | 65／0．26 | 6.0 | －－－ | 22.0 |
| 10 | 5.262 | 104／0．26 | 3.8 | －－－ | 35.0 |

## Recommended Maximum Current

The table is applicable to wires with 1 to 4 conductors. Keep the current value to within $80 \%$ of the values shown in this table when using wires having 5 or more conductors.

## XH Connector Preparation

The following Products are provided with the S8VM-05024A $\square / \mathrm{P} \square$, S8VM-10024A $\square / \mathrm{P} \square$ and S8VM-15024A $\square / \mathrm{P} \square$ for the undervoltage alarm transistor output wiring.
$\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|}\hline \text { Connector } & \begin{array}{l}\text { S8VM- } \\ \text { 05024A } \square / \mathrm{P} \square\end{array} & \text { S8VM-10024A } \square / \mathrm{P} \square & \begin{array}{l}\text { Manu- } \\ \end{array} \\$\cline { 2 - 3 } \& S8VM-15024A$\left.\square / \mathrm{P} \square \\ \text { factured } \\ \text { by JST }\end{array}\right]$.

Be sure to prepare the connector according to the following instructions to ensure correct wiring. For details, refer to the JST catalog.

- Use a wire size of AWG22 to AWG28.
- The guideline for the length of sheath to be stripped from the wire is 2.1 to 2.6 mm .
- Use either a YC or YRS Crimping Tool (manufactured by JST) to crimp the terminal and wire.
- Be sure to insert the crimped terminal wires into the housing fully until a click is heard. Also, make sure that the wires attached to the housing are securely locked in place.


## Installation Environment

Do not use the Power Supply in locations subject to shocks or vibrations. In particular, install the Power Supply as far away as possible from contactors or other devices that are a vibration source.
Install the Power Supply well away from any sources of strong, highfrequency noise and surge.

## Operating Life

The life of a Power Supply is determined by the life of the electrolytic capacitors used inside. Here, Arrhenius Law applies, i.e., the life will be halved for each rise of $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or the life will be doubled for each drop of $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The life of the Power Supply can thus be increased by reducing its internal temperature.

## Ambient Operating and Storage Environments

Store the Power Supply at a temperature of -25 to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and a humidity of $25 \%$ to $90 \%$.
The Internal parts may occasionally be deteriorated or damaged. Do not use the Power Supply outside the derating range (i.e., under conditions indicated by the shaded area ( ) in the derating curve diagrams on page 7.)

Use the Power Supply at a humidity of $30 \%$ to $85 \%$.
Do not use the Power Supply in locations subject to direct sunlight.
Do not use the Power Supply in locations where liquids, foreign matter, or corrosive gases may enter the interior of the product.

## Overcurrent Protection

Internal parts may occasionally deteriorate or be damaged if a shortcircuited or other overcurrent state continues during operation. Eliminate the overcurrent state as soon as possible.

Internal parts may possibly be deteriorated or damaged if the Power Supply is used for applications with frequent inrush current or overloading at the load end. Do not use the Power Supply for such applications.

## Charging the Battery

If a battery is to be connected as the load, install an overcurrent limiting circuit and an overvoltage protection circuit.

## Dielectric Strength Test

If a high voltage is applied between an input and the case (PE/FG), it will pass though the LC of the built-in noise filter and energy will be stored. If the high voltages used for dielectric strength testing are turned ON and OFF with a switch, timer, or similar device, impulse voltage will be generated when the voltage is turned OFF and internal parts may possibly be damaged. To prevent the generation of impulse voltages, reduce the applied voltage slowly with a variable resistor on the test device or turn the voltage ON and OFF at the zero-cross point.
When performing the test, be sure to short-circuit all the output terminals to protect them from damage.

## Insulation Test

When performing the test, be sure to short-circuit all the output terminals to protect them from damage.

## Inrush Current

When two or more Power Supplies are connected to the same input, inrush current is added to the total current. Select fuses and circuit breakers giving sufficient consideration to the fusing or operating characteristics so that fuses will not burn and breakers will not break due to inrush current

## Output Voltage Adjuster (V.ADJ)

## Default Setting: Set at the rated voltage

Adjustable Range: Adjustable with output voltage adjuster (V.ADJ) on the front panel of the Product from $-20 \%$ to $20 \%$ of the rated output voltage ( $-10 \%$ to $20 \%$ of the rated voltage for S8VM- $\square \square \square 24 \mathrm{~A} \square / \mathrm{P} \square$ )
Turning clockwise increases the output voltage and turning counterclockwise decreases the output voltage.
The output voltage adjuster (V.ADJ) may possibly be damaged if it is turned with unnecessary force. Do not turn the adjuster with excessive force.

After completing output voltage adjustment, be sure that the output capacity or output current does not exceed the rated output capacity or rated output current.
The output voltage may increase beyond the allowable voltage range (up to $+20 \%$ of the rated voltage) depending on the operation of the output voltage adjuster (V.ADJ). When adjusting the output voltage, check the output voltage of the Power Supply and be sure that the load is not damaged.
When increasing the output voltage to more than $+20 \%$ of the rated value using the output voltage adjuster (V. ADJ), the overvoltage protection function may operate.

## (S8VM- $\square \square \square$ 24A $\square$ /P $\square$ Only)

Turn the output voltage adjuster (V.ADJ) slowly. When decreasing the output voltage quickly, or when adjusting the output voltage to less than $-10 \%$ of the rated value, the undervoltage alarm function may operate.

## DIN Rail Mounting

When mounting to a DIN Rail, lower the S8VM onto the Rail until the Rail stopper clicks into place, hook section A over the edge of the Rail and push in the direction of B.

To remove the S8VM from the DIN Rail, insert a screwdriver into section C and pull the S8VM away from the Rail.


## Series Operation

Two Power Supplies can be connected in series.
The ( $\pm$ ) voltage output can be accomplished with two Power Supplies.

## Series Operation

## 15W/30W

Correct


## 50W/100W/150W

 Correct

## Output Voltage ( $\pm$ )

Correct


Note: 1. If the load is short-circuited, a reverse voltage may be applied inside the Power Supply unit, and this may possibly cause the deterioration or damage of the Power Supply unit. Connect the diode as shown in the figure. Use the following guidelines to select the diode to be connected.

| Type | Schottky Barrier diode |
| :--- | :--- |
| Dielectric strength <br> (VRRM) | Twice the rated output voltage or <br> above |
| Forward current (IF) | Twice the rated output current or <br> above |

2. Though Products having different specifications can be connected in series, the current flowing through the load must not exceed the smaller rated output current.

## Parallel Operation

The product is not designed for parallel operation.
Incorrect


## In Case There Is No Output Voltage

The possible cause for no output voltage may be that the overcurrent protection or overvoltage protection has operated. The internal protection circuit may operate if a large amount of surge voltage such as a lightening surge occurs while turning $O N$ the input power.
If there is no output voltage even after checking the following points please contact us.

## Check the Overload Protected Status

Check whether the load is in overload status or is short-circuited. Remove wires load when checking.

## Attempt to Clear the Overvoltage or Internal Protection Function

Turn the input power OFF once, and leave it OFF for at least 3 minutes. Then turn it ON again to see if this clears the condition.
Check whether the $+S$ terminal or $-S$ terminal is opened with the short bar removed. (S8VM-100 $\square \square \square \square / \mathrm{S8VM}-150 \square \square \square \square$ only)
Check if the output voltage has been adjusted to more than $+20 \%$ of the rated value by output voltage adjuster (V. ADJ).

## Buzzing Noise when the Input Is Turned ON (50/100/150W)

A harmonic current suppression circuit is built into the input power. This circuit can create noise when the input is turned ON, but it will last only until internal operation stabilizes and does not indicate any problem in the Product.

## Typical Values

■ For Reference Only

| Item |  | Power ratings | 15 W | 30 W | 50 W | 100 W | 150 W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Efficiency |  | 5-V models | 78\% | 81\% | 85\% | 87\% | 87\% |
|  |  | 12-V models | 81\% | 84\% | 84\% | 87\% | 87\% |
|  |  | 15-V models | 81\% | 84\% | 84\% | 87\% | 87\% |
|  |  | 24-V models | 82\% | 86\% | 84\% | 88\% | 88\% |
| Input | Current | 230 V input | 0.20 A | 0.39 A | 0.31 A | 0.61 A | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 5 \mathrm{~V}: 0.73 \mathrm{~A} \\ 12 \mathrm{~V} / 15 \mathrm{~V} / 24 \mathrm{~V}: 0.83 \mathrm{~A} \end{array}$ |
|  | Leakage current | 230 V input | 0.30 mA | 0.35 mA | 0.35 mA | 0.35 mA | 0.35 mA |
|  | Inrush current (See note 1.) | 230 V input | 28 A | 32 A | 32 A | 32 A | 32 A |
| Output | Ripple | $\mathrm{f}=20 \mathrm{MHz}$ measuring | $5 \mathrm{~V}: 0.60 \%$ (p-p) | $5 \mathrm{~V}: 0.60 \%$ (p-p) | $5 \mathrm{~V}: 2.39 \%$ (p-p) | $5 \mathrm{~V}: 2.10 \%$ (p-p) | 5 V : 1.97\% (p-p) |
|  |  |  | 12 V : 0.08\% (p-p) | $12 \mathrm{~V}: 0.14 \%$ (p-p) | $12 \mathrm{~V}: 0.56 \%$ (p-p) | $12 \mathrm{~V}: 0.69 \%$ (p-p) | $12 \mathrm{~V}: 0.67 \%$ (p-p) |
|  |  |  | $15 \mathrm{~V}: 0.07 \%$ (p-p) | 15 V : 0.12\% (p-p) | $15 \mathrm{~V}: 0.36 \%$ (p-p) | $15 \mathrm{~V}: 0.60 \%$ (p-p) | $15 \mathrm{~V}: 0.54 \%$ (p-p) |
|  |  |  | 24 V : 0.07\% (p-p) | 24 V : 0.12\% (p-p) | 24 V : 0.22\% (p-p) | $24 \mathrm{~V}: 0.27 \%$ (p-p) | 24 V : 0.32\% (p-p) |
|  |  | $\mathrm{f}=100 \mathrm{MHz}$ <br> measuring | $5 \mathrm{~V}: 0.77 \%$ (p-p) | $5 \mathrm{~V}: 0.88 \%$ (p-p) | $5 \mathrm{~V}: 2.47 \%$ (p-p) | $5 \mathrm{~V}: 2.42 \%$ (p-p) | $5 \mathrm{~V}: 2.54 \%$ (p-p) |
|  |  |  | 12 V : 0.20\% (p-p) | $12 \mathrm{~V}: 0.20 \%$ (p-p) | $12 \mathrm{~V}: 0.58 \%$ (p-p) | $12 \mathrm{~V}: 0.78 \%$ (p-p) | $12 \mathrm{~V}: 0.75 \%$ (p-p) |
|  |  |  | 15 V : 0.12\% (p-p) | 15 V : 0.18\% (p-p) | $15 \mathrm{~V}: 0.37 \%$ (p-p) | $15 \mathrm{~V}: 0.68 \%$ (p-p) | $15 \mathrm{~V}: 0.63 \%$ (p-p) |
|  |  |  | 24 V : 0.10\% (p-p) | 24 V : 0.18\% (p-p) | 24 V : 0.23\% (p-p) | $24 \mathrm{~V}: 0.31 \%$ (p-p) | 24 V : 0.37\% (p-p) |
|  | Start up time (See note 1.) | at 100\% load | 270 ms | 280 ms | 460 ms | 460 ms | 460 ms |
|  | Hole time (See note 1.) | at 100\% load | $5 \mathrm{~V}: 211 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $5 \mathrm{~V}: 187 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 5 V : 43 ms | $5 \mathrm{~V}: 40 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $5 \mathrm{~V}: 41 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
|  |  |  | $12 \mathrm{~V}: 213 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $12 \mathrm{~V}: 200 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $12 \mathrm{~V}: 38 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $12 \mathrm{~V}: 43 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $12 \mathrm{~V}: 41 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
|  |  |  | $15 \mathrm{~V}: 221 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $15 \mathrm{~V}: 204 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $15 \mathrm{~V}: 42 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $15 \mathrm{~V}: 40 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $15 \mathrm{~V}: 37 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
|  |  |  | 24 V : 216 ms | 24 V : 197 ms | $24 \mathrm{~V}: 30 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $24 \mathrm{~V}: 36 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 24 V : 33 ms |

Note: 1. Refer to the Engineering Data section on page 7 to 8 for details.
2. The typical values indicate the values for an input condition of 230 VAC . All items are measured at a frequency of 50 Hz .

## Warranty and Application Considerations

| Read and Understand this Catalog |
| :--- |
| Please read and understand this catalog before purchasing the products. Please consult your OMRON representative if you <br> have any questions or comments. |

## Warranty and Limitations of Liability


#### Abstract

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## Application Considerations


#### Abstract

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## CHANGE IN SPECIFICATIONS

Product specifications and accessories may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons. Consult with your OMRON representative at any time to confirm actual specifications of purchased product.

## DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS

Dimensions and weights are nominal and are not to be used for manufacturing purposes, even when tolerances are shown.

## ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

To convert millimeters into inches, multiply by 0.03937 . To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527 .

Cat. No. T033-E1-02A In the interest of product improvement, specifications are subject to change without notice.

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| Power \& 15W / 12V / 1.3A DIN Rail housing | 196185 | S8VM-01512CD | Buy on EAN |
| Power \& 15W / 24V / 0,65A DIN Rail housing | 196187 | S8VM-01524CD | Buy on EAN |
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| Power \& 50W / 5V / 10A DIN rail housing | 196192 | S8VM-05005CD | Buy on EAN |
| Power \& 50W / 12V / 4,3A DIN Rail housing | 196193 | S8VM-05012CD | Buy on EAN |
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| Power \& 100W / 5V / 20A DIN rail housing | 196196 | S8VM-10005CD | Buy on EAN |
| Power \& 100W / 12V / 8,5A DIN Rail housing | 196197 | S8VM-10012CD | Buy on EAN |
| Power \& 100W / 15V / 7A DIN Rail housing | 196198 | S8VM-10015CD | Buy on EAN |
| Power \& 100W / 24V / 4.5A DIN Rail housing | 196199 | S8VM-10024CD | Buy on EAN |
| Power \& 150W / 12V / 12.5A DIN Rail housing | 196201 | S8VM-15012CD | Buy on EAN |


| Power \& 150W / 15V / 10A DIN rail housing | 196202 | S8VM-15015CD | Buy on EAN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power \& 150W / 24V / 6.5A DIN Rail housing | 196203 | S8VM-15024CD | Buy on EAN |
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